MAY 13, 1756. [Numb. 1142.]

The *SOUTH-CAROLINA Gazette*

Mr. Timothy, May 10th.

AS *the deſiring a Place in your Gazette for an* ANSWER *to ſome Papers you publiſhed laſt Week, may deprive your Readers of an early Opportunity of being informed of the lateſt News from* Great-Britain, *if you will reſerve Room for it in your ſubſequent Paper, it will be attended with no Inconveniency, and you may indulge yourſelf in the Pleaſure you always take to gratify the Curioſity of the Public.* A. B. C.

LONDON, February 14.

SOME ſhips laden with warlike ſtores are fallen down the river, in order to proceed to Virginia and New England.

We hear that general Shirley will be appointed governor of Jamaica, in the room of admiral Knowles.

Yeſterday ſeveral veſſels were taken into the ſervice of the government, to carry forces, &c. to North Carolina.

Seven men of war are ordered for Holland, to convoy from thence the foreign troops intended for England.

St. James's, Feb. 17. His majeſty in council was this day pleaſed to appoint John earl of Loudon to be governor of Virginia, in the room of the late earl of Albemarle.

Charles Pinſold, Eſq, to be governor of Barbados, in the room of the hon. Henry Grenville, Eſq; who hath reſigned.

And Henry Moore, Eſq; to be lieutenant governor of Jamaica.

London, Feb. 17. We hear that admiral Smith, in the Downs, is ordered to be reinforced with ſome ſhips of the line.

We hear, that beſides Otway's and lord John Murray's, the following regiments of foot will be ſent to America, viz. lord George Bentinck's, col. Maurice Bockland's, col. John Jordan's, the earl of Home's, and the earl of Loudon's.

It is ſaid, advice has been received, that the French are preparing to ſend no leſs than 10,000 regular troops to America.

The admirals Weſt and Oſborn, with all the ſhips that were expected, are returned to Portſmouth, after ſeeing all the outward-bound ſhips in their proper latitudes; and the other men of war proceeded on their voyages according to their reſpective deſtinations.

London, Feb 19. There is a confirmation that a ſquadron is ſailed from Breſt; but inſtead of 6 ſhips of the line and 2 frigates, it conſiſts of only 4 capital ſhips and 3 frigates. This ſquadron is ſaid to be commanded by Mr. Perrier de Salvert.

The tranſports intended to bring over the Heſſians are ſtill at the Nore waiting for orders.

London, Feb. 21. Private letters by yeſterday's Dutch mail adviſe, that great preparations are making at Toulon for the execution of an important expedition, calculated to deprive the Britiſh marine of its preſent opportunities of carrying on hoſtilities againſt the French in the Mediterranean: This enterprize is ſaid to be a deſcent on the iſland of Minorca, which will be made with 25,000 men, and be ſupported by a fleet of 8 men of war from Toulon.

The hon. houſe of commons ſat 'till near one o'clock this morning on the affairs of America.

CHARLES-TOWN, May 14.

Yeſterday arrived Capt. *Hinſon*, in 17 Days from the *Virgin Iſlands*, where he ſays he was informed, that the two *French* Frigates who took the *Warwick* Man of War, had ſince taken a great Number of *Engliſh* Merchant Ships, and ſent them into *Martinico*; that they continued cruiſing a little to Windward of *Antigua*, ſo that no Veſſels bound to that Iſland could eſcape them; and that by the laſt Account, they had taken 4 Sail in one Day, one of 'em a Snow from *London*.

We hear, that His Excellency the Governor ſets out for the *Cherokee's*, on Monday next.

MARINE LIST.

Sail'd ſince our laſt. May 7th, The Chelſea, Edwards, for Georgia. *May* 9th. The Molly, Morriſon, for Antigua. *May* 10th, The Lamb, Linthorne, for Cowes.

Remain Wind bound. His Majeſty's Ship *Syren*; with the Lyon, James, for Cowes; the Henrietta, Roſs, for Portſmouth; the Carolina, Cande, for Oporto; the Recovery, Gould, for Providence; and the Elizabeth, Smith, for New York.

Near loaded, or may ſail 'twixt this and our next. The Nancy, Courtia, for Cowes; the Seven Siſters, Whitewood, for Figura; the Georgia Packet, Marſhal, for St. Kitt's; the Anne, Bound, for Poole; and the Spy, Browne, for Jamaica.

VESSELS *entered inwards ſince our laſt.*

Ship Prince of Wales, Geo Curling, from London.
Snow Rebecca, Charles Craig, from Glaſgow.
Brigt. Providence, Arthur Perry, from Dartmouth.
Sloop Whiting, Wm Watlington, from Virginia.
Sloop Mary, Dan. Luſher, from Spaniſh Town.

Arrived, but not entered.

Brigt. Squirrel, Henry Ward, from Barbados.

Entered Outwards.

Ship Prince of Wales, Geo Curling, for London.
Snow Rebecca, Charles Craig, for Glaſgow.
Brigt Hopewel, Joſeph Bird, for London.
Brigt Providence, Arthur Perry, for Plymouth.
Brigt. Georgia-Packet, Alex Marſhal, for St. Kitt's.
Sloop Whiting, Wm. Watlington, for Virginia.

Cleared for Departure.

Ship Carolina, Andrew Candé, to Oporto.
Brigt. Elizabeth, Joſias Smith, to New-York.
Schooner Recovery, James Gould, to Providence.

Price Current, Price of Flour, and Aſſize of Bread, the ſame as in our laſt.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST imported in the *Prince of Wales*, Capt. *Curling* from *London*, and to be ſold by *Robert Mackenzie* at his ſtore in *Tradd-ſtreet*. Chints, callicoes, cambricks, long, clear, minionet and piſtol lawns, ribbons, 3 4th and 7 8th *Manchester* checks and ſtripes, 3 4th and 7 8th garlix, *Iriſh* linnens, osnabrugs, white and brown thread ſtockings, breeches and jackets, womens and girls callimanco ſhoes, powder blue and *Peland* ſtarch, iron pots, and a variety of other goods fit for the ſeaſon.

ALL Perſons indebted to the late co-partnerſhip of *Collins* and *Thompſon*, of *Charles Town* taylors, and whoſe accounts have been delivered and not diſcharged, will be ſued immediately after the 20th inſtant, without further notice, unleſs paid before that time. *Timothy Collins.*
Archibald Thompſon.

JUDITHA, Wife of *John Miller*, ſoldier, having eloped from her ſaid huſband, all perſons whoſoever, are hereby cautioned not to give her entertainment, lodging, &c. being determined to proſecute every perſon that detains her from me
John Miller.

JUST imported in the *Prince of Wales*, Capt, *Curling* from *London*, and to be ſold on the moſt reaſonable Terms, by the Subſcriber,

A large Supply of *DRUGGS & MEDICINES*,

With *Turlington's* Balſam, *James's* Powders, and other *Family Medicines*, warranted genuine.

Alſo ſome Sets of Surgeons capital Inſtruments, with Lancets, Tooth-Drawers, Syringes, Phials, and moſt Kinds of Utenſils for Practitioners in Phyſick or Surgery. Alſo ſundry Books, Phyſical, Anatomical, Hiſtorical, and Miſcellaneous: Prunes, Sago, Sugar Candy, Almonds, Raiſins, Barley Sugar, Loaf Sugar, *Turky* Coffee, Tea, Spices, and Garden Seeds, *Spaniſh* and *French* Olives, Capers, Walnuts, Mangoes, Anchovies, beſt *Durham* Muſtard, *Florence* Oyl, *Scotch*, *Spaniſh* and rappee Snuffs, pigtail, cut and dry Tobacco, Starch and fig Blue, White Lead dry or in Oil, with Linſeed Oil and moſt Kinds of Paints; Vermillion, *Pruſſian* Blue, Spint and Turpentine Varniſh, Gold Leaf, *&c.*— Alſo in the laſt Veſſels from *Briſtol*, Beer, Cyder, *Hotwell* Water, *Cheſhire* Cheeſe, Window Glaſs, 8 by 10, and 9 by 11, long and Hunter's Pipes, with ſundry other Articles.

SAMUEL CARNE.

N.B. Alſo exceeding good *Weſt-India* RUM, by the Hogſhead or Quarter-Caſk.

BOXES of MEDICINES fitted out as uſual.

John Paul Grimke,

HAS *juſt imported from* London, *great variety of necklaces and ear-rings, alſo coral and anodyne necklaces, temple ſpectacles* in ſteel and ſilver, *microſcopes, childrens ſhoe claſps and corals* in ſilver and gilt, *alſo ſome pieces of ſpare coral, and ſilver chains to hang childrens whiſtles on, with ſome ſilver laces to faſten ſtone buttons on jackets, hoop rings of ſaxon topaz's and garnets* ſet in gold, *ſtone and plain lockets* in gold and ſilver, *ladies watch chains* in gold and pinchbeck, *alſo watches to ſuit, inſtrument and tweezer caſes* in ſilver and ſteel, *coat and jacket buttons* of tortoiſe-ſhell, ſilver, and lacquer'd, *cork ſcrews, ſnuffers and ſtands, watch keys with ſwivels and hooks, watch chains, and open work ſhoe and knee buckles* of fine ſteel and ſilver, *ſnuff boxes* of gold, ſilver, pinchbeck, paper, and pontepool, ſilver-plated ſteel *ſhoe and knee buckles and ſpurs, ſilver thimbles* with ſteel tops, *and gold thimbles, ſhirt buckles* of French paſte and garnets ſet in gold, *alſo hair lockets* with and without motto's, *round enamel'd ſeals and trinkets for watches* in gold, ſilver and pinchbeck, *tooth-pick caſes* of ſilver, pinchbeck, ivory and cocoa, *wrought and plain men & youths ſwords and hangers* of ſilver and metal, *morocco huſſar belts with locks and buckles, alſo ſome ſpare locks and buckles* of ſilver and metal, *canes* with gold and metal heads, *ſmelling bottles* mounted in gold and ſilver, *rings and ear-rings* of diamonds and French paſte, *alſo ſhoe, knee and girdle buckles and ſtay-hooks* of chryſtal and French paſte, *caſes with ſilver handle knives & forks, ſleeve and jacket buttons* open work and inland with ſteel, *ſilver needle caſes with thimbles and needle-books* with and without pincuſhions and ſciſſars, *book-caſes for ink-ſtands, and pocket-book caſes* with and without ſilver locks, *equation tables* to the new ſtile, *and papers for maſons watches, cat-gut for clocks, blow pipes, borax & borax boxes, ſilk watch & cane ſtrings*, with many other things too tedious to enumerate here, which are to be ſold cheap at his houſe in *Broad-ſtreet:* And from the great ſucceſs and encouragement he has hitherto met with, he makes no doubt of always giving ſatisfaction to every gentleman and lady that favour him with their orders. Catalogues of every article with the loweſt price, are given gratis. He has two houſes, in good repair, and well ſituated for trade, to lett.

SEVEN HUNDRED POUNDS, belonging to the *South Carolina* ſociety, to be lett at intereſt. Inquire of *Samuel Prioleau*, Clerk.

JUST IMPORTED in the *Prince of Wales*, Capt. *Curling*, from *London*, to be ſold by the ſubſcribers at their ſtore on the Bay (the houſe lately occupied by Mr. *John Stuart*), very reaſonably, a compleat aſſortment of goods.

HARVEY & PHILP.

TO BE SOLD

ON thurſday the 27th of this inſtant, at the uſual place in *Charles-Town*, for ready money at public vendue, a parcel or tract of land containing 400 acres, in *Craven* county, being part or a moiety of a tract of land containing 800 acres, originally granted to *John Stone*, and by him conveyed to *George Sanders*, one moiety or half of which 800 acres, was conveyed by ſaid *George Sanders* to *James Lingard*, and is butting and bounding by the original plat to the South-Weſt on *Pedee river*, South Eaſt on *Elizabeth Raven's*, North-Weſt on *Elizabeth Storey's* and North-Eaſt on vacant land.

Alſo at the ſame time and place, and upon the like conditions will be ſold, a tract of 750 acres of land, being part of a tract of 1000 acres of land heretofore granted to *James McCrellis* ſince deceaſ'd, which 750 acres is belonging to *William Scott*, and ſituaten in *Craven* county, bounding Northward on *James Michie* Eſqr's, Eaſtward on *Wateree river*, Southward by the other part of the ſaid 1000 acres, and another tract of ſaid *Michie's* land, and Weſtward by vacant land. The above 2 tracts ſeized on executions, by *Charles Lowndes*, P. M.

RUN Away from the Subſcriber, a negro wench named *Nell*, formerly belonged to Mr. *Randal* blackſmith in *Charles-Town*; as her huſband named *Okree*, now reſides with Mr. *Raper* in *Charles-Town*, it is reaſonable to ſuppoſe that ſhe is harboured and ſupported by him. Whoever ſhall deliver the ſaid wench to the ſubſcriber, or to the warden of the work-houſe, ſhall receive three pounds reward, from *William Longborne.*

STRAY'D ſome time paſt, from the ſubſcriber's plantation at *Goose Creek*, 5 working oxen, *viz.* One a black, branded with a double diamond, the part, ear and mark unknown. Two ditto, the one black and white, the other red, both cropt tails, and branded on the ſide TB. Two ditto, with no brand to be perceived, but ears mark'd with a crop in one, and an upper keel in the other: Three of the above oxen were bought from Mr. *Warnock* deceaſed, and the other 2 from the Free-School, in the pariſh of *St. Thomas* and *St. Dennis*, (where it is imagined they will make their way to), and were brought from thence round to *Goose-Creek* by *Biggin* bridge. Whoever will take them up, ſo that they may be had again for ſending for, ſhall receive a reaſonable reward, from *Charles Lowndes*, P. M.

IMPORTED in the *Prince of Wales*, Capt. *Curling*, and other Veſſels from LONDON and BRISTOL, and to be ſold at the moſt reaſonable Prices,

By *BREMAR & NEYLE*,

At their Store on the BAY, near the COUNCIL CHAMBER:

A Large aſſortment of *India* and *Engliſh* china, glaſs, earthen and ſtone ware, conſiſting of a great variety of articles,—window and ſheet glaſs,—fine large ſconce and other looking glaſſes, candle ſhades,—a variety of pictures, as, perſpective views (with the glaſs over the froſtings, and otherwiſe), ſea pieces (in colours, and black and white), idle and induſtrious apprentice, royal family, and poets heads,—bohea and hyſon tea,—coffee,—*London* and *Briſtol* loaf ſugar,—ſpices, pepper, brimſtone, allum, ſalt petre,—ſweet oil, walnuts, anchovies, capers, and olives in quart bottles, fine *Durham* muſtard,—ſago, *Turlington's* balſam, *Bateman's* drops, *Britiſh* oil, ſpirit of hartſhorn and hartſhorn ſhavings, hungary water, balſam *Chili*, *Jackſon's* tincture, *Stoughton*, *Daffy*, and *Squire's* elixirs, *Godfrey's* cordial, *Lockyer's* pills, pomatum ſnuff, melilot, *&c.*—copper tea-kettles, coffee pots, ſtew pans with covers, frying and ſauce pans,—braſs kettles of all ſizes, chafing diſhes, warming pans, ſcales and weights, candleſticks, compting-houſe ditto, *&c.*—a variety of tin ware, and coffin furniture,—violins and fiddle ſtrings, hautboys, common and *German* flutes, militia and childrens drums,—paper and other ſnuff-boxes, painting and other bruſhes, houſe brooms and mops, a variety of ſpurs, ſciſſars, claſp knives and knives and forks, pierced ſilver, pinchbeck, and other ſhoe and knee buckles, leather powder flaſks, and horns, ſolid fiſhing rods and tackling, beads and necklaces of various ſorts, chryſtal ſleeve buttons ſet in ſilver, and other ſorts, oil and muſket flints, hunting horns, dice and dice boxes, ſilk and leather ſword and cutteau belts, whalebone for ſtaymakers, camel hair pencils, mahogany tea cheſts and waiters, japan'd waiters, cat gut ſtrings for clocks, billiard balls, ivory and horn combs, needles of all ſorts, and pins, ſpectacles, ivory paper-cutters, key ſwivels, tooth inſtruments of beſt ſort, razors, hones and ſtrops, punches, and PINKING IRONS for mantua makers, curry combs and bruſhes, neat hand vices, ſilver ſteel-top'd and other thimbles, gauging rods, butchers ſteels, compaſs ſeals, wig cauls, watch and cane ſtrings, ſhoemakers, curriers and butchers knives, cotton and wool cards, ſieve bottoms and rims, marble mortars and peſtles, with a great variety of other articles in the hard ware way,—men and womens ſaddles, ſaddle trees, houſings, bridles, and other ſaddlery,—threads and tapes of moſt ſorts, bobbing, none-ſo-pretty, cadice, gartering, cruels, quality, thread and ſilk GIMP of all colours, crimſon and white ſilk bed lace, maſks, boys and girls velvet and ſilk caps, womens black bonnets plain and laced, chipt, *Legborn* and other hats, girls and womens ſhort hoops,—a great variety of pewter meaſures, diſhes, plates, bed pans, porringers, *&c.*—an aſſortment of ſtationary, a great collection of books, conſiſting of many volumes, hiſtory, divinity, *&c.* among which are *Hervey's Theron* and *Aſpaſio*,—ſtripe cottons and cotton hollands, cotton and linnen checks and ſtripes, furniture checks, cotton and ſilk and cotton gowns, *Bengal* ſtripes for veſts,—fringed and fine diaper table cloths, fine damaſk ditto and napkins, diaper tabling and napkining in pieces, hugaback, *Ruſſia* linnen, ſilk handkerchers, paſtework ditto, and cotton romals, ſilk jeans and dyed fuſtian, corded dimity, pavillion gauſe and *Ruſſia* lace,—womens ſilk and fluff petticoats, capuchines and ſhades,—fine ſtripe, check'd, and white *India* ginghams, cravat muſlin, white callicoes and callico muſlin, very fine *India* CHINTS and handſome patterns for ſacks, blue ground ditto, and a great aſſortment of other chints, printed callicoes, cambricks and linnens,—nankeens,—black, blue, ſtraw, and brown grograms, *Engliſh* and *India* perſians, mantuas, ducapes, ſattins, taffeties, luteſtrings, and bordets, of grey, crow colour'd, and various other colours, ſarcenet, alamode, brown ſilk grograms for mens wear, damaſks, plain black, and corded black and pink paduſoy for veſts, poplins, crimſon and black velvet, ſilk ſhag and pluſh, velvet ſhapes,—ſilver watches, ſets of ſilver tea ſpoons, *&c.* in caſes, gold and ſilver lace, cord, thread, *&c.*—black huſſar chain for veſts,—long lawns, piſtol lawns, platilloes, britannias, gulix holland, tandems, cambricks, clear, ſtripe, ſpotted, flowered and check'd lawns, *Iriſh* ſhirting and ſheeting linnen, 3 4th and 7 8th garlix, dowlas, *&c.*—hoſiery and gloves of various ſorts,—head lace,—durants, tammies, alapines, bombazines, princes ſtuffs, thickſets, cambletts, montagues, fuſtian coats and breeches, and a variety of other things for mens wear,—bed ticks, bunts, matraſſes, *&c.*—a great variety of IRONMONGERY and well aſſorted, for houſe and ſhip carpenters, coopers, ſhoemakers, blackſmiths, *&c.* alſo plantation tools of all kinds (among which are a parcel of proper INDICO HOOKS), houſe and kitchen furniture (among the latter are fly jacks, and kitchen grates), a ſet of pump bits, *&c.*—linſeed oil,—vermillion, *Spaniſh* brown, yellow oaker, and other paints,—ſing'e and double channel huſſar boots, mens, womens and childrens ſhoes, alſo ſome very near and clean ſilk ſhoes—ribbons and fans,—ſwords and ſword blades, hangers, cutteaus, *&c.*—bottled beer and cyder,—mens, youths and boys hats,—bar lead, bullets, ſmall deer and other ſhot,—fowling pieces, gun powder, and a variety of other goods.

JUST imported in the *Prince of Wales*, Capt. *George Curling*, from *London*, an aſſortment of goods proper for the place and ſeaſon, which are to be ſold very reaſonable, by

Solomon Milner.

A Perſon qualified for teaching Children reading, writing, and arithmetic and comes well recommended, may meet with ſufficient encouragement from *Jonathan Bryan.*

STRAY'D or STOLEN

OFF *Charles Town* green, a white horſe upwards of 14 hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder I E, with a ſwitch tail. Whoever brings him to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have 5 l. reward.

William Woodrop.

RUN Away on the 4th Inſtant, a negro man named *George*, formerly belonged to the late Mrs. *Quincy*, he is very well known in *Charles Town*, and about *Ashley River*. Whoever delivers him to me at *Hillsborough*, or to the warden of the work-houſe, ſhall have a reward of 10 pounds.

John Lining.

LANCE & LOOCOCK,

Have juſt imported in the *Prince of Wales*, Capt. *Curling*, from *London*,

A neat and ſuitable aſſortment of *European* Goods,

WHICH are to be ſold on ſuch eaſy terms as may further encourage the favours of their friends, at their ſtore in *Broad-ſtreet*, oppoſite to *Benjamin Smith*, Eſq.——— Alſo Barbados Rum, muſcovado Sugar, bar Iron, and Train Oil.

They deſire all perſons indebted to Mr. Benjamin Addiſon, late of Charles-Town, to ſettle with them; and thoſe who have any demands againſt him, to come and receive payment.

THE Subſcriber having taken his paſſage in the ſnow *Anne*, Capt. *Bound*, for *Penſa*, begs the favour of all perſons indebted to him to pay by the 20th inſtant; and thoſe who have demands on him, to bring them in for payment.

Chriſtopher Jolliff.

N. B. He has a parcel of fine ſaine twine to ſell, very lately imported.

IMPORTED in the laſt Veſſels from *Philadelphia*, and to be ſold by the ſubſcriber, beſt new flour, ſhip bread, and beer: Alſo old *Barbados* rum, by the hogſhead, quarter-caſk or jug, and ſalt. *William Gibbes.*

THE Church Wardens of *St. Philip's* pariſh have 1500 *l.* to lett at intereſt, on good ſecurity. Inquire of *Francis Brimar.*
William Hopton.

THE Commiſſioners for building a church, on or near the new *Globe* land in *St. Paul's* pariſh, give this public notice to all perſons who are willing to contribute towards building the ſaid church, that unleſs they enter their ſubſcriptions by the 12th day of *June* next, they will then have no claim or right to a pew in the ſaid church.

N B. Any perſon deſirous to ſubſcribe as above, may apply to *John Poſtell*, Eſq; Meſſrs. *Francis Yonge*, or *Joſeph Brailsford*, who are impowered by the board to receive the ſame.

By Order of the Board, Joſeph Brailsford.

RUN AWAY from the Subſcriber (and is ſuppoſed to be about *Charles-Town*) a ſtout, robuſt, canning negro fellow, named *Ketch*, about 21 years of age, having one of the toes of his left foot diſjointed, and lying upon that adjacent, ſpeaks good *Engliſh*, and had on when he went away a coat and breeches of green ſtrouds. Whoever delivers him to me on *John's* Iſland, or to the warden of the work houſe, ſhall have 3 *l.* reward.

JONATHAN COPP.

ALL Perſons poſſeſſed of lands, ſlaves or monies at intereſt, in the pariſh of St. Stephen, whether reſidents or non-reſidents, are deſired to take notice, that they ſtand aſſeſſed by the veſtry and church wardens of the ſaid pariſh, at the ſum of 9 pence per head for ſlaves, the like ſum for every hundred acres of land, and 6pence for every hundred pounds at intereſt, for defraying the charges of the poor: And all perſons concerned, are deſired to pay the ſame into the hands of Meſſrs. GEORGE KING, and PETER SINCKLER, on or before the firſt day of June next, on failure of which, executions will be iſſued out without diſtinction.

JOSEPH PALMER, Church Warden.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, 2 negro lads, about 18 years old, ſpeaks good *Engliſh*, one a muſtee and the other very black, and are ſuppoſed to be gone to the Northward on horſeback. Whoever will take up and deliver them to me, ſhall have 20 pounds for each. *John Bull.*

TO BE SOLD at Auction,

ON tueſday the firſt day of *June* next, the houſe and lot belonging to the eſtate of *Alexander McGregor* deceaſed, ſituated and being in *Meeting-ſtreet*, near the ſtate houſe, well known to be very convenient for any kind of buſineſs: The purchaſer to pay the one half in caſh, and the other half in 12 months, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity if required. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſame before the day of ſale, may treat with

Hannah McGregor.

Inglis, Pickering & Wraxall,

HAVE juſt imported in the *Sifters*, Capt. *Jacob Ilsbitcoed* from *Madeira*, 20 pipes of excellent good wine. Alſo in the laſt veſſels from *Antigua* and *St. Chriſtophers*, a parcel of choice prize claret in hogſheads rum, and muſcovado ſugar, all which they will diſpoſe of on reaſonable terms.

ALL Perſons who have ſuſtained any loſs on the receipt of piſtoles and pieces of eight out of the treaſury, are hereby required to make their claims for being reimburſed ſuch loſs, to the public treaſurer, on or before the firſt day of *January* next, after which time they will be excluded from the ſame.

Alſo all perſons poſſeſſed of any of the 10 *l.* and 5 *l.* orders, iſſued in the year 1742, are hereby required to bring the ſame to the public treaſurer to be exchanged, by the 1ſt day of *January* next, after which day none of the ſaid orders will be exchanged.

☞ TO BE SOLD by the Subſcriber, for *one*, *two*, or *three* years credit, either together or divided, and may be entered upon immediately, *Cow-Savannah* plantation near *Dorcheſter*, containing near 1000 acres of as good land as any in the province, 23 miles from Charles Town, having good buildings of all ſorts, indico vats, and every convenience of water both for rice and indico, in compleat repair: A crop for the preſent year is planted thereon, and kept in very good order. ALSO to be ſold, ſome other tracts of land in the pariſh of *Dorcheſter*, and ſome lots in the ſaid town, with ſeveral other good tracts both *ſouthward* and *northward*, and a tract of 320 acres on *Pocpon* river, joining Thomas Boone, Eſq; CHARLES WRIGHT.

STRAY'D into a Plantation on *Charles-Town* neck, 5 horſes, *viz.* A white horſe branded SS on the mounting ſhoulder. Another white horſe, branded K on the mounting ſhoulder. A red roan horſe, branded on the mounting buttock WL in one. A bay horſe, branded on the mounting buttock J, and on the off ſhoulder M, with a ſtar in his forehead. A dark bay horſe, branded on the mounting buttock NF in one, with a blaze down his face: All about 13 hands high. The owners may apply to *William Hopton*, J P.

THE Owner of a black roan Gelding, about 8 years old, 14 hands high, paces a little, branded on the mounting ſhoulder I, on the ſame buttock H, and on the off ſhoulder I TL the TL being in one, may be informed where he keeps by applying to *James Bullock.*

BARRET MONTGUMERY, of Craven county, tells a ſtray cheſnut ſorrel gelding, about 13 hands high, branded on the near buttock C. The owner may prove his property before me. *John Crawford.*

ALL well diſpoſed Perſons, who are inclined to ſubſcribe towards the building of a church in the pariſh of *St. John's* in *Berkley* county, are deſired to give in their ſubſcriptions on or before the firſt tueſday in *June* next, to *Stephen Manyck*, *Thomas Cordes*, or *William Moultrie*, who are commiſſioners appointed for building the ſaid church.

Brought to the Work-Houſe.

May 7th. 1756. A tall new negro fellow, who calls himſelf *Tom*, but can't tell his maſter's name; has a large beard and a ſmooth ſkin, and wears white negro cloth jacket and breeches: Taken up at *Engliſh Santee*, near *Eutaw* ſpring.

CHARLES-TOWN, Printed by PETER TIMOTHY.

SUPPLEMENT To
The *SOUTH-CAROLINA Gazette*

MAY 13, 1756. [Numb. 1142.]

(Rara temporum fœcilitate, ubi ſentire quæ velis, & quæ ſentias dicere licet). TAC.

AS the Council in this province, for ſome time paſt, have claim'd and aſſumed the power of an Upper Houſe of parliament, affecting to reſemble the houſe of lords in *Great-Britain*, I offer ſome conſiderations to the public on that head.

By royal charter of his majeſty king *Charles II.* dated at *Weſtminſter* the 24th of *March* 1662, and in the 15th year of his reign: And alſo by a ſecond charter of his ſaid majeſty, dated the 30th of *June* 1665, in the 17th year of his reign: He did grant and confirm to the lords proprietors of the province of *Carolina*, "All that province or tract of ground, "called *Carolina*, ſituate, lying, and being within or about the degrees of 36 30 northern la- "titude, and ſo weſt in a direct line as far as the *South-Seas*; and ſouth and weſtward as far "as the degrees of 29 incluſive, northern latitude.

By the 4th paragraph or clauſe, his majeſty was pleaſed to give the ſaid lords power and authority, to ordain, make and enact, any laws and conſtitutions whatſoever, according to their beſt diſcretion, by and with the advice, aſſent and approbation of the freemen of the ſaid province, or the greater part of them, or their delegates or deputies, *&c.*

By the 7th paragraph or clauſe, his majeſty was pleaſed to ordain, conſtitute and declare, That the province of Carolina "*ſhall be of our allegiance, and the ſubjects and people tranſported or to be tranſported into the ſaid province, and the children of them, and ſuch as ſhall deſcend from them, there born, or hereafter to be born, be, and ſhall be denizens and lieges of us, our heirs and ſucceſſors, of this our kingdom of* England, *and be in all things held and reputed, as the liege people of us, our heirs and ſucceſſors, born within this our ſaid kingdom or any other our dominions*, &c. *As likewiſe all liberties, franchiſes, and privileges, of this our kingdom and of other our dominions aforeſaid, may freely and quietly have, poſſeſs, and enjoy, as our liege people born within the ſame, without the moleſtation, vexation, trouble or grievance of us, our heirs and ſucceſſors*, &c."

By an act of parliament, paſſed in the 2d year of his preſent majeſty's reign, *for eſtabliſhing an agreement with ſeven of the lords proprietors of* Carolina, *for the ſurrender of their title and intereſt in that province to his majeſty*, it is obvious, that, altho' his preſent majeſty is veſted with all the intereſt, property, and eſtates of ſeven of the late lords proprietors, yet (in the ſaid act of parliament) nothing is expreſſed or intended, to take away or diminiſh any of the rights and liberties of the people of this province; but, on the contrary, there is a tacit confirmation of of all the privileges granted by his late majeſty king *Charles II.* in his two charters, ſince in the ſaid act they are both recited.

The ancient and uſual method, from the firſt ſettlement of this province, to the end of the government of *Robert Johnſon*, Eſq; the proprietors governor, (above 50 years), the words uſed in the enacting clauſes of our laws were, "Be it enacted by palatine, and "the reſt of the true and abſolute lords and proprietors of this province, by and with the advice "and conſent of the reſt of the members of aſſembly now met at *Charles-Town*, *&c.*" This cuſtom was uſed until the inhabitants denied the authority of the lords proprietors, and *James Moore*, Eſq; was choſen governor: When the enacting clauſe was altered, and ran in the words following, "Be it enacted by the honourable *James Moore*, Eſq; governor, by and "with the advice and conſent of the council and repreſentatives of the inhabitants of the ſet- "tlement in *South-Carolina*, now met at *Charles-Town*, and by the authority of the ſame." The reaſons for this alteration are evident, for they could not make uſe of the name of the palatine, as he was choſen governor by the people, who had diſclaim'd the juriſdiction of the lords proprietors, and conſequently were obliged to alter the method formerly uſed in wording the enacting parts of their laws.

The firſt law I have met after governor *Nicholſon*'s arrival, bears date the 18th of *Auguſt*, 1721, in which the words of the enacting clauſe run thus, "Be it enacted by his excellency "*Francis Nicholſon*, Eſq; governor, by and with the advice and conſent of his majeſty's ho- "nourable council, and the aſſembly of this province, *&c.*" I have not been able to learn the reaſons why this method has been ſince uſually followed, unleſs 'twas occaſioned by the preceding acts paſſed in governor *Moore*'s time; which acts could not be worded, in the enacting clauſe, either with the names of the lords proprietors, or his then majeſty king *George*, becauſe governor *Moore* had no commiſſion from the king, and the province had diſowned the authority of the lords proprietors. It is as reaſonable, now to make uſe of the king's majeſty's name in all our enacting clauſes, as it was, in former times, to uſe the palatine's name and the reſt of the lords proprietors, for his majeſty, now our ſovereign and proprietor, has his repreſentative, the governor, to conſent on his behalf to all laws paſſed in the province; and therefore, the uſing his majeſty's name, would appear more ſimilar and like the cuſtom uſed in *Great-Britain* of enacting all laws; and the practice of *Ireland*, governed by a lord-lieutenant, is ſo good a precedent, as this province could not be in the wrong to imitate.

It is plain, to every conſiderate man, that the practice in this province formerly, in paſſing their laws, ſhewed there was only two eſtates, the lords proprietors and the people. The lords proprietors had a governor, who repreſented the palatine; and the other lords had each his deputy,

deputy, who conſented for his conſtituent or principal. The governor, with theſe deputies, ſat in council, and gave his, and they their, conſent to all laws they approved. This method will plainly appear, by examination of all the laws paſſed in this province to the end of the proprietors government under Mr. *Johnſon*. Our conſtitution is no way altered by his majeſty's being veſted with the eſtate of the lords proprietors; it ought to be as near as poſſible like that of *England* (by our charter); but the ſcheme form'd by the late lords proprietors, for making a nobility in this province to repreſent an upper houſe, failing, hitherto none but his majeſty's rights and thoſe of the people ſeem to conſtitute the legiſlative power in this province; for, ſince there is no nobility, the government cannot here be ſimilar or like that of *England*, one eſtate or part of the *Britiſh* conſtitution being wanted, and therefore we come as near to the practice of *Great-Britain*, by paſſing our laws in the aſſembly, and thoſe confirmed or aſſented to by the governor, as the ſituation and circumſtances of our province will admit. The parliament of *England* is compoſed of king, lords, and commons; the two houſes agreeing and uniting, are a proper balance of power between the crown and people: But, if his majeſty's authority is repreſented by his governor, which conſtitutes one eſtate of our legiſlature, and his majeſty ſhould further appoint a council, to preſide in the nature of an upper houſe or houſe of peers, and theſe appointed only *durante bene placito regis*, ſuch an appointment muſt neceſſarily deſtroy the balance, and be contrary to the uſage of our mother-country. I dare venture to affirm, no inſtruction from his majeſty to any governor, ever called the council an upper houſe, nor can the council produce any inſtruction to any governor, wherein any words can imply them to be a houſe of peers. The council have not any correſpondence with his majeſty's miniſters, or with the lords for trade and plantations, as council. They have no commiſſion or patent for their places, but are only named by his majeſty, or by his majeſty's order to his governor to appoint them. The council have nothing to ſhew to ſupport any claim or privilege, only his majeſty's inſtructions to his governor: To him and them they muſt apply and refer themſelves, to know, who they are, what power they have, and what his majeſty's pleaſure is concerning them. Their power lives, moves, and has being, only from the governor's inſtructions: How far ſuch a council is, from the nature of an upper houſe, or houſe of peers, will eaſily be diſcerned from a little inquiry: But firſt it will be proper, to conſider the council as aſſiſtants to the governor, and named by his majeſty for that end, leſt the weighty affairs of government be too ponderous for the judgment of every governor, and that the advice of council might help the governors in arduous affairs, and ſupport the rights of his majeſty, as well as promote the good of his people in the colonies. If the council were in the nature of an upper houſe or houſe of peers, then the governor would have no counſellors; for, they having, as an upper houſe, given their opinion, he would be precluded aſking their advice, they having already determined, and conſequently, in moſt or many caſes, will be without council; as it happened not many years ſince, when a law was propoſed for making and ſtamping bills for the payment of two ſloops (the *Nonpareil* and *Pearl*) then lately employed in the ſervice of the province; alſo laſt year, when a bill was paſſed by the aſſembly, for granting to his majeſty 40,000 *l.* to be ſent to *Virginia*, and employed in defending his majeſty's juſt rights, *&c.* the council, as an upper houſe, approved and paſs'd the bill, the governor would not aſſent to the ſame, in which circumſtance his excellency was deprived of counſel, which creates ſuch an abſurdity in the government here, that there needs but few words to prove the inconſiſtency of the council acting as an upper houſe. The meſſages uſually ſent to the aſſembly are full of abſurdity, for they are frequently brought down by the clerk of the council, who ſtiles himſo at the concluſion, and begins with, a meſſage from the upper houſe. The lords of parliament are called by writ every parliament, as well as the commons, to conſult about the arduous affairs of the kingdom. The lords have no vote for electing parliament-men. The lords are independent, and not to be diſplaced at pleaſure of a miniſter. The peers are hereditary counſellors to the king and kingdom. The counſellors in *Carolina* are dependent, and hold their places during pleaſure. The counſellors in *Carolina* vote for members of aſſembly, and have their repreſentatives: Can they repreſent themſelves, and be repreſented? The members of the council can be ſuſpended by the governor: Can a peer of *England* be ſuſpended? The members of the council are ſummoned, by the governor's order, upon every important occaſion: Does his majeſty ſummon the peers of the realm? Surely, no perſon can draw the leaſt ſimilitude between the council in *Carolina*, and the houſe of peers in *England*. If his majeſty's miniſters ſhould be pleaſed to order his governor to carry into execution, any inſtruction which the people apprehend inconſiſtent with their rights, can the council here appear againſt ſuch inſtructions? Have not ſome governors, inſtructions to receive no ſalary or preſent from the people, unleſs they will ſettle it upon them and their ſucceſſors? Have not ſome governors inſtructions, that the laws of the province ſhould all be paſſed with a ſaving clauſe? Can members of the council adviſe, or publicly oppoſe, againſt ſuch inſtruction? If they cannot appear (from the nature of their office) to diſſuade the people from complying with ſuch meaſures recommended by the miniſtry, ſuch an upper houſe would be moſt dangerous to our rights, liberties, and eſtates.—It appears to me very odd, that any ſet of men can be ſo deluded, as to imagine, that one day they can be freemen, voting for repreſentatives; the next day, repreſenting themſelves, as peers; and the third day, metamorphoſed into a council of ſtate, to approve or diſapprove of what they had determined the morning or day before as an upper houſe.

If the ſcheme for making a nobility, form'd by the lords proprietors, had taken effect, then the landgraves, barons and caſſicks, would have been an upper houſe of parliament in this province: But that ſcheme was never confirmed by act of aſſembly of *Carolina*, and ſo failed.—I imagine from hence, no addition or diminution can be made to our conſtitution; and altho' his majeſty ſhould be pleaſed, by his miniſters, to give inſtructions to his governor, for erecting or making an upper houſe of aſſembly, I conceive, ſuch an upper houſe could not have a legal eſtabliſhment, without an act of parliament of *Great-Britain*, or an act of aſſembly of this province;

vince; for, if any inſtructions from his majeſty can ſubſtitute an upper houſe, or make an addition to our legiſlature, by the ſame rule, his majeſty's inſtructions can leſſen the rights of aſſembly, or totally take away all their privileges.—Inſtructions from his majeſty, to his governor, or the council, are binding to them, and eſteem'd as laws or rules; becauſe, if either ſhould diſregard them, they might immediately be diſplaced: But, if inſtructions ſhould be laws and rules to the people of this province, then there would be no need of aſſemblies, and all our laws and taxes might be made and levied by an inſtruction.—'Tis certain, many inſtructions to the governors of the colonies have never been carried into execution, the people not thinking 'twas proper to paſs laws for ſuch a purpoſe.

If the council was admitted to be an upper houſe, they would have no right to meddle in money matters, which can be made appear, from many precedents in the journals of the houſe of commons: And if, by ſeeing the accompts, they can neither leſſen nor augment any ſum provided in the ſchedule annexed to the tax-bill, the demand made, for the accompts to be ſent them, brings to my mind the novel of the curious impertinent in *Don Quixote*.—If the council ſhould take upon them to ſhorten or increaſe any ſum, provided in the ſchedule to the eſtimate, it would lead the aſſembly into a perplexing review of all the accounts again, who have examined them already with the eyes and judgments of the counſellors, as their repreſentatives.—If the gentlemen of the council can ſhew the inſtrument of writing, by which they claim their privileges of an upper houſe, from the grant of any king of *England*, I will promiſe to ſhew them all the rights and liberties the aſſembly claim endorſed on the back of it.

Charles-Town, May 6, 1756. T——s W——s.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

OGILVIE & WARD,

HAVE imported in the *Prince of Wales*, Capt. *Curling* from *London*, a large and compleat aſſortment of *European* and *India* goods, conſiſting of the following articles, *viz. Iriſh*, *Scotch*, and *German* oznabrugs, 3-4th and 7-8th garlix, ſtrip'd ditto, brown rolls, heſſens, brown and white pomeranians, dowlas, *Ruſſia* linnen brown and white, 3-4th, 7-8th, and yard-wide *Iriſh* linnens, 9 8th and ell wide ſheeting, both *Iriſh* and *Scotch*, tandem, gulix, menage, *Scotch*, and brown hollands.—Variety of printed linnens, callicoes and chints, *Engliſh* and *Indian* plain, figured, and corded dimi ies, book and neckcloth muſlin,—muſlin cravats,—cambricks,—clear, ſpotted, flowered, minionet, long and piſtol lawns,—britannias and platillocs,—tabling and clouting diaper, hugaback, diaper and damaſk table cloths,—check'd and ſpotted linnen handkerchers, romals, bandannoes, *Pullicat*, *Venitian*, and fine *India* ſilks, ditto nankeens,—3 4th, 7-8th, and yard wide *Manchester* and *Scotch* checks,—check'd and ſtrip'd cotton holland,—malabars, cotton gowns, white and colour'd fuſtian and jeans, ſilk and cotton brocades, fine check'd and ſtrip'd ginghams, *Turky* bordets and ſtripes,—broad cloths and trimmings,—*German* ſerge, duroys, ſagathies, ſilk camblets, hairbines, ſingle, double, and figured alapines,—bombaz ne, rich meſſinets, with other ſtuffs for mens ſummer wear,—tammies and durants, alamodes and ſarſenet,—*Crowley*'s beſt broad and narrow hoes,—axes and hatchets, ſpades with welded ſockets, rice ſickles and indico hooks, ſcythes, carpenters, coopers, and joyners tools, with moſt other kinds of iron ware,—fiſh ſkins and fins,—quern and grind ſtones, deſk furniture, braſs and copper ware,—ſaucepans, tea kettles, and *Indian trading* ditto, buck, bone, and ivory handled knives and forks, claſp, cutteau, and pen knives, razors, hones, ſtrops, ſhaving boxes, combs, umbrelloes, back-gammon tables, and a great variety of cutlery ware,—mens and boys felt, c ſtor, and beaver hats,—pewter diſhes and plates, *&c.* tin ware, *viz.* canniſters, ſugar boxes, pudding pans, ſaucepins, diſh covers, cullenders, *&c.*—corks,—ſaddles, houſings, *&c.* mens, womens, and childrens leather and ſtuff ſhoes, ſome very faſhionable ſilk ſhoes, both plain and trimm'd, ſingle channel'd and ſhoe boots,—bruſhes,—*London* and *Briſtol* double and ſingle refined ſugar, bohea, green, and hyſon teas, all kinds of ſpices, nonpariel ſugar plums, ſweet almonds and raiſins in jars, *Turky* and *Jamaica* coffee,—chocolate,—*Florence* oil, vinegar, muſtard, olives and pickles of different kinds,—*Rogers*'s beſt ſmoaking tobacco, pigtail ditto, *&c.* *Alloa* roll, *Scotch* and rappee ſnuff,—wax tapers, *Engliſh* china, ſtone, earthen, and glaſs ware of all kinds,—a parcel of new books, among which are *Hume*'s hiſtory of *Great-Britain*, *Voltaire*'s hiſtory of the late war, *Conniſſeur*'s, every young mans companion,—very neat cheſts of drawers, beach and walnut-tree chairs,—gilt and portmantua trunks, bird and parrot cages,—a parcel of the beſt prints, both heads, landſkips, and tea pieces, *&c.* among which are the famous *Strangers Cleopatra*, *Magdalen* and *Apollo*, with liberality and modeſty,—a compleat aſſortment of haberdaſhery wares,—ſome neweſt faſhion ribbons, fans and necklaces, capuchines, black *Leghorn* and chipt hats,—bonnets—womens and childrens ſtays and hoops,—ilk petticoats, gimp,—black lace and fringe, with thread head lace and footing,—coloured and black gauſe handkerchers, pavillion gauſe,—gold and ſilver lace, chain, cord and vellum, ſilk and gold ſword knots,—a very neat ſilver hadled ſmall ſword, ſome very neat ſtone rings,—gilt and ſilvered buttons,—*Flanders* bed ticks, with bolſters and pillows made up,—bed bunts,—matraſſes, ready made cloaths, check and white linnen ſhirts, gloves, *Scotch* threads, gun-powder, bullets and ſhot, neat fowling pieces, ſtationary ware, cordage, white rope, with moſt other articles proper for this ſeaſon.

Likewiſe an aſſortment of the moſt faſhionable SILKS, *viz.* brocades, luteſtrings and tobines, black and coloured ſattin, ſattin peeling, taffeties and mantuas, black and coloured velvets,—which, with muſcovado ſugar, *New-York* and *Weſt-India* rum, flour, bar iron, train and turpentine oil, *&c.* are to be ſold cheap at their ſtore on the *Bay*.

JOHN WARD

Taylor, from LONDON.

NOW living in *Elliott ſtreet*, next door to Mr. *James Fowler*, makes all ſorts of gentlemen's cloaths and ladies riding habits, in the neweſt and neateſt faſhions. Any gentlemen or ladies that will be pleaſed to employ him may depend on due attendance, and true performance of their orders, at the moſt reaſonableſt rate, by their *very Humble Servant*

JOHN WARD.

TO BE SOLD

ON monday the 24th of *May* 1756, at public ſale, at the ſubſcriber's houſe in *Charles-Town*, a valuable Library of books belonging to the eſtate of the Rev. Mr. *Henry Heywood* deceaſed, conſiſting of ſeveral hundred volumes of curious books in Hebrew, Greek, Latin, French, Italian, Dutch and Engliſh. Alſo ſeveral hundred manuſcript ſermons and other ſmall tracts on different ſubjects in divinity. Alſo ſundry manuſcript books and papers on Chronology and Antient Hiſtory, all in Mr. *Heywood*'s own hand writing. The ſale will begin on monday at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and be continued every afternoon afterwards 'till the whole library is ſold; and the public may be aſſured, not a book or paper has been or will be ſold before the day of ſale: Catalogues may be ſeen at Mr. *Creighton*'s or the ſubſcriber's houſe in *Charles-Town*. *Chriſtopher Gadſden.*

Whoever has borrowed any of Mr *Heywood*'s books, are once more deſired to return them, before the day of ſale.

THIS is to forwarn *Richard* and *William Fiela*, adminiſtrators to the eſtate of *James Field* deceaſed, or any other perſon, not to offer for ſale, public nor private, the following three negroes, *viz. March*, *Iſaac*, and *Sarah*; and likewiſe to forwarn any perſon from purchaſing any of the aboveſaid three negroes, they being the property of the ſubſcriber. *Robert Mackrow, ſen.*

FURNISH'D Rooms to be lett, and (if choſen) board may be had in the ſame houſe. Inquire of *William Sanders* in *Queen ſtreet*.

TAKEN up at my plantation at *Santee*, about the 15th of *April*, 2 negro men, one of which is very tall, with a ſmall bump on his ſhoulder, about 25 or 30 years of age, named *Gamoe*, he ſays his maſter's name is *Smith*: The other is ſhorter and younger than the former. The owner may hear of them by applying to the ſubſcriber, or Mr. *Peter Sinckler* in *St. Stephen's, Santee*.

Patrick Brennan.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *William Shepard*, late of *Charles-Town* deceaſed, are deſired to pay the ſame forthwith; and all perſons having any demands on the ſaid eſtate are deſired to bring in their accompts properly atteſted, to *Margaret Shepard*, Executrix.

Who has ſundry dry goods, with a riding chaiſe and a dray to diſpoſe of on reaſonable terms.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the legiſlative power of *South-Carolina* hath granted unto *Adam Pedington* of *Stono*, a patent, invelling him with the ſole right and property of making and mending various ſorts of machines for the cleaning of rice; and if any one or more perſons are deſirous that all or either of them ſhould be put in practice, the patentee will come into reaſonable terms for the performance thereof, or will permit of a ſmall one already prepared (that will take up but little room) to be fixed where required.

N B. That letters, carriage paid, will be received and anſwered by the patentee.

JUST imported in the Schooner *Molly*, *John Morriſon* maſter, from *Antigua*, muſcovado ſugar in tierces and barrels, good rum and cocoa. To be ſold by *Smith & Scott.*

Who are in want of a quantity of rough rice and hogſhead hoops.

To be ſold at ſaid *Smith & Scott*'s ſtore, exceeding good ſingle refined ſugar for caſh, at 5*s.* 3*d.* per lb. taking not leſs than one hundred weight.

EXCEEDING good BOHEA Tea, any quantity not leſs than *Ten Pounds*, at 25 *s.* per pound; alſo, choice *Briſtol* beer and cyder in bottles, to be ſold at Meſſrs. *James Laurens* & company's ſtore, by *Joſeph Kerſhaw.*

Who has to ſell good Blubber in barrels.

FOUND by a Negro, a pair of Silver Shoe Buckles. The Owner may have them of the Printer, giving a proper Deſcription, paying for this Advertiſement, and ſomething for the Finder

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ANTHONY Grubbs, Samuel Jurdon, *John Hamilton*, *Zachariah Kennerly*, *Iſſachar Wilcox* and *John Fauquett*, juſtices, appointed in the late commiſſion of the peace, were left out of the *Preſent* on account of their miſbehaviour in acting as juſtices, and they are hereby required to take notice, that if they do preſume henceforth to act in any reſpect whatſoever as juſtices of the peace, they will be proſecuted according to law.

WHEREAS the Reward I lately offered for the Head of my Negro CYRUS, has failed of the End propoſed, that is, of driving him Home: This is therefore to promiſe a Reward of *Twenty Pounds*, to any Perſon that will deliver him to me, or to the Warden of the Work Houſe, alive; and *Fifty Pounds*, to whoever will prove his being harboured by any white Perſon, or *Ten Pounds* to ſuch as will prove his being harboured by Negroes; to be paid upon Conviction of the Offenders. He is a middle ſized yelloviſh Fellow, formerly belonged to the Eſtate of *Henry Williamſon*, well known in Town, and in moſt Parts of the Country, particularly about *Stono*, where he is now ſuppoſed to be concealed. *Thomas Tucker*, Pilot.

WHEREAS ſome wicked and evil diſpoſed perſon or perſons did, in the dead of the night of ſunday the 18th of *April*, ſet fire to the dwelling houſe of the ſubſcriber at *Stono*, in *St. Paul*'s pariſh, whereby the ſame, together with moſt part of the goods therein, were conſumed to aſhes, and the ſubſcriber with his wife and ſeveral of his friends then aſleep in the ſaid houſe, were in the utmoſt danger of being burned to death: Now for the bringing of the offender or offenders to juſtice, who was or were guilty of the ſaid damnable wicked action, the ſubſcriber doth hereby promiſe a reward of 150 *l.* to any perſon who ſhall diſcover all or any of the perſons (if white) concerned therein, and if negroes or ſlaves a ſum of 50 *l.* to be paid upon his or their conviction. And if any perſon or perſons concerned in the ſaid action will diſcover his or their accomplice or accomplices therein, ſo that ſuch accomplice or accomplices be convicted thereof, ſuch diſcoverer ſhall be intitled to the above reward, and the utmoſt endeavours will be uſed to procure his pardon.

William Williamſon.

JUST imported in the Sloop *Dolphin*, *Henry Hunter* maſter, and to be ſold by ſaid maſter at his ſtore on Col. *Beale*'s wharf, choice *New-England* RUM. Alſo to be ſold, the ſaid ſloop, burthen about 37 tons, now lying at ſaid wharf. For particulars inquire of the ſaid *Hunter*.

CHARLES-TOWN, Printed by PETER TIMOTHY.